# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

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Introductory Section

#### CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Bremond Independent School District Name of School District

<u>Robertson</u> County <u>198-901</u> Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) \_\_\_\_\_approved \_\_\_\_\_disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2021, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

Financial Section



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of Bremond Independent School District:

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bremond Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension and other postemployment benefits liability, and schedules of District contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information, and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the

results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Belt Harris Pechacek, ILLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas December 13, 2021

Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

This discussion and analysis of Bremond Independent School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position at August 31, 2021 was a deficit of \$692,092.
- For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the District's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$1,042,179, of which \$800,000 is committed and \$242,179 is unassigned. The coronavirus response and relief supplemental appropriations (CRRSA) fund reported a total fund balance of \$0. The debt service fund reported a total fund balance of \$698,526, all of which is restricted.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (the general fund plus all state and federal grant funds, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund) reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,763,852.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of three parts – *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (this section), the *Basic Financial Statements*, and *Required Supplementary Information*. The basic statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary fund* statements provide information about services provided to parties inside the District. The proprietary funds include the internal service fund (the District's insurance fund).
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the fiduciary resources belong. This fund includes student activity funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes to the financial statements are followed by a section entitled *Required Supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base, staffing patterns, enrollment, and attendance.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, general administration, and plant operation and maintenance are included in *governmental activities*. Locally assessed property taxes,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

together with State foundation program entitlements, which are based upon student enrollment and attendance, finance most of the governmental activities.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are simply accounting devices that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and other funds are mandated by bond agreements or bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees (the "Board") establishes other funds to control and manage money set aside for particular purposes or to show that the District is properly using certain taxes and grants.
- Other funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity these assets do not belong to the District, but the District is responsible to properly account for them.

#### The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds These funds include the internal service fund. The District's workers' compensation activity is
  reported in the internal service fund and is shown in a separate statement of net position and statement of changes in
  net position.
- Fiduciary funds The District serves as the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as student activity funds. The
  District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of
  the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of
  changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements
  because the District cannot use these assets to finance its governmental operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was a deficit \$692,092 at August 31, 2021. *Table 1* focuses on net position while *Table 2* shows the revenues and expenses that changed the net position balance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021. Within *Table 2*, the District reports a decrease of \$461,824 in net position from the prior year.

Table 1

Net Position

	Govern Activ	Total Change			
Description	 2021	 2020			
Current assets	\$ 2,974,593	\$ 3,091,821	\$	(117,228)	
Capital assets	9,326,748	10,261,867		(935,119)	
Total Assets	 12,301,341	 13,353,688		(1,052,347)	
Deferred charge on refunding	399,032	429,726		(30,694)	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	615,240	722,807		(107,567)	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	413,739	270,507		143,232	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 1,428,011	 1,423,040		4,971	
Current liabilities	896,973	793,829		103,144	
Long-term liabilities	11,769,017	12,809,507		(1,040,490)	
Total Liabilities	 12,665,990	 13,603,336		(937,346)	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	217,733	267,066		(49,333)	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,537,721	1,136,594		401,127	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,755,454	 1,403,660		351,794	
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,269,677	1,451,964		(182,287)	
Debt service	698,526	788,480		(89,954)	
Federal/state programs	2,635	20,877		(18,242)	
Other restrictions	17,282	-		17,282	
Unrestricted	(2,680,212)	(2,491,589)		(188,623)	
Total Net Position	\$ (692,092)	\$ (230,268)	\$	(461,824)	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### Table 2

#### **Changes in Net Position**

	Govern Activ	I	Total Change	
	 2021	THES	2020	2021-2020
Revenues	 			 
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 195,669	\$	188,039	\$ 7,630
Operating grants and contributions	1,091,119		1,120,826	(29,707)
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,459,773		3,583,394	(123,621)
Grant and contributions not restricted	2,720,035		2,706,563	13,472
Investment earnings	3,761		51,016	(47,255)
Miscellaneous	89,429		8,895	80,534
Gain on Sale of Asset	1,000		-	1,000
Total Revenue	 7,560,786		7,658,733	 (97,947)
Expenses				
Instruction	4,238,107		4,499,854	(261,747)
Instructional resources and media services	43,409		28,101	15,308
Curriculum and staff development	39,237		43,434	(4,197)
School leadership	409,205		433,905	(24,700)
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	87,878		90,850	(2,972)
Health services	87,723		93,771	(6,048)
Student (pupil) transportation	257,874		260,568	(2,694)
Food services	354,331		382,451	(28,120)
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	673,296		724,508	(51,212)
General administration	497,955		476,431	21,524
Plant maintenance and operations	894,243		880,652	13,591
Security and monitoring	7,238		3,398	3,840
Data processing services	143,463		148,321	(4,858)
Interest on long-term debt	190,457		208,950	(18,493)
Bond issuance costs and fees	32,195		32,195	-
Payments related to shared services arrangements	65,999		62,468	3,531
Total Expenses	 8,022,610		8,369,857	 (347,247)
Change in Net Position	 (461,824)		(711,124)	 249,300
Beginning net position	 (230,268)		480,856	 (711,124)
Ending Net Position	\$ (692,092)	\$	(230,268)	\$ (461,824)

Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$7,560,786, which is a net decrease of \$97,947 from the 2020 fiscal year. Property tax revenue is the District's revenue source that decreased the most this year, with a decrease of \$123,621 for the year. This significant decrease was due to a decrease in property tax valuation within the District. The decrease in property tax revenue was offset by an increase in miscellaneous revenue as a result of an increase insurance payments from the winter storm freeze and a bus involved in an accident.

Expenses for governmental activities totaled \$8,022,610, which is a net decrease of \$347,247 from the 2020 fiscal year. This decrease is primarily related to a decrease in instruction expenses as a result of reduction in the OPEB liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year ending August 31, 2021, the District's combined governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$1,763,852. This compares to a combined fund balance of \$1,969,761 at August 31, 2020. The fund balance in the general fund decreased primarily due to a decrease in local revenues due to a reduction in property tax values during the year. There is no fund balance in the coronavirus response and relief supplemental appropriations (CRRSA) fund due to the District expending the total amount that was received. The debt service fund balance decreased due to the continued payment of principal and interest payments for outstanding bonds and loans.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting principles, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the food service special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the period ended August 31, 2021, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenses. There were no material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget. The general fund's budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$399,247 and the actual expenditures were under budgeted expenditures by \$186,131.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are generally defined as those items that have useful lives of two years or more and have an initial cost of an amount determined by the Board. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the District used a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which means that all capital type assets, including library books, with a cost or initial value of less than \$5,000 were not included in the capital assets inventory.

At August 31, 2021, the District had a total of \$9,326,748 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) such as land, buildings, and District equipment. This total includes \$110,464 invested during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021 as follows:

- 2021 Chevrolet Express 2500 \$22,940
- Special education bus \$68,956
- Awning \$18,568

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At year end, the District had \$7,793,953 in general obligation bonds and a note payable outstanding versus \$8,536,140 in the prior year.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The following factors were considered in establishing the District's budget for 2021-2022:

- The District adopted a decreased revenue budget in the amount of \$6,199,538 for 2021-2022. The District adopted an increased expenditure budget in the amount of \$6,290,086 for 2021-2022. This should decrease the general fund fund balance in the amount of \$90,548.
- The District approved a 2021-2022 maintenance and operations tax rate of \$0.97 per \$100 of property valuation. The District's 2021-2022 interest and sinking tax rate of \$0.31 per \$100 of property valuation remained the same.

The continued spread of the COVID-19 pandemic has given rise in uncertainties that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the District. The occurrence and extent of such impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) governmental quarantine measures, (iii) the effects on the financial markets, and (iv) the effects on the overall economy, all of which are uncertain.

The COVID-19 pandemic had some significant impacts on the District in 2020-2021. The District's enrollment was 493 in 2020-2021 from 498 in the prior year. Many students withdrew to homeschool. Attendance dropped to 95.00% in 2020-2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

from 96.22%. The District added additional staff in order to provide additional routes to reduce the number of students on the buses, which resulted in an increase in salary expenses for transportation. There was also an increase in cleaning expenses for buses and school grounds due to COVID-19 sanitation protocols. The maintenance/custodial department had an increase in salary expenses due to additional COVID-19 sanitation protocols, as well COVID-19 sanitation protocols led to an increase in expenses for sanitation supplies that were not covered by state funds or reimbursed by the City of Bremond, Texas or Texas Department of Emergency Management.

Revenues for the District decreased for athletic events due to social distancing, food service and District UIL chair expenses, and there was reduced state funding due to attendance. The District did receive two Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund grants in 2020-2021 that helped with staffing expenses.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's commitment to accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Daryl Stuard, Superintendent, Bremond Independent School District, 601 West Collins Street, Bremond, Texas 76629 or by calling (254) 746-7145.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control		1 Governmental
Codes		Activities
00000	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,394,167
1220	Property Taxes Receivable	329,534
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(39,861)
1240	Due from Other Governments Capital Assets:	290,753
1510	Land	81,380
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	8,885,417
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	114,875
1540	Vehicles, Net	245,076
1000	Total Assets	12,301,341
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
1700	Deferred Charge on Refunding	399,032
1705	Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	615,240
1706	Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	413,739
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,428,011
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts Payable	29,235
2140	Interest Payable	15,938
2165	Accrued Liabilities	271,450
2300	Unearned Revenue	580,350
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year	759,208
2502	Due in More Than One Year	7,700,125
2540	Net Pension Liability	1,415,785
2545	Net OPEB Liability	1,893,899
2000	Total Liabilities	12,665,990
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
2605	Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	217,733
2606	Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	1,537,721
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,755,454
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,269,677
0000	Restricted For:	0.005
3820	Federal/State Funds	2,635
3850	Debt Service	698,526
3890	Other Restrictions	17,282
3900	Unrestricted	(2,680,212)
3000	Total Net Position	\$(692,092)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		1 Expenses		3 Program Charges for Services	(	4 Operating Grants and ontributions	_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	4,238,107	\$	,	\$	759,548	\$	(3,419,026)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		43,409		520		404		(42,485)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		39,237		378		7,384		(31,475)
23	School Leadership		409,205		6,550		28,219		(374,436)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		87,878		1,112		3,471		(83,295)
33	Health Services		87,723		1,357		4,704		(81,662)
34	Student Transportation		257,874		3,020		4,392		(250,462)
35	Food Service		354,331		76,970		177,945		(99,416)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		673,296		20,701		11,165		(641,430)
41	General Administration		497,955		8,397		20,346		(469,212)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		894,243		13,958		28,784		(851,501)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		7,238		71		1		(7,166)
53	Data Processing Services		143,463		1,949		34,161		(107,353)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		190,457				10,585		(179,872)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		32,195						(32,195)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	;	65,999		1,153		10	_	(64,836)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	.—	8,022,610		195,669	.—	1,091,119	_	(6,735,822)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	8,022,610	\$	195,669	\$	1,091,119		(6,735,822)
	Ge	meral Reve	enues:	-		_			<u>,</u>
MT		, ,	xes, Levied for G		,				2,622,611
DT			xes, Levied for D	ebt Se	rvice				837,162
IE	In	vestment l	Earnings						3,761
GC				t Restr	icted to Specific P	rograms	;		2,720,035
MI	M	liscellaneo	us						89,429
	G	ain on Sale	e of Asset						1,000
TR		Total Gene	eral Revenues						6,273,998
CN		Change in	Net Position						(461,824)
NB	Ne	t Position -	Beginning					_	(230,268)
NE	Ne	t Position -	Ending					\$	(692,092)
								_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

_			10		
Data			<b>a</b> 1		oronavirus Response
Contro Codes			General Fund		Relief Supplemental
Coues	ASSETS:		Fund	App	propriations (CRRSA)
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,596,665	\$	
1220	Property Taxes Receivable	Ŧ	253,594	Ŧ	
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(31,828)		
1240	Due from Other Governments				224,900
1260	Due from Other Funds		274,534		
1000	Total Assets	_	2,092,965	_	224,900
	LIABILITIES:			_	
	Current Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	29,235	\$	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		213,797		
2170	Due to Other Funds		553		224,900
2200	Accrued Expenditures		5,085		
2300	Unearned Revenue		580,350		
2000	Total Liabilities		829,020	_	224,900
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
2600	Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes		221,766		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		221,766	_	
				_	
	FUND BALANCES:				
	Restricted Fund Balances:				
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				
3470	Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations				
3480 3490	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Other Restrictions of Fund Balance				
3490	Committed Fund Balances:				
3510	Construction		600.000		
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		200,000		
3600	Unassigned		242,179		
3000	Total Fund Balances		1,042,179	_	
			· · ·		
1000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	•		•	
4000	of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,092,965	\$_	224,900

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

_	50 Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds	_	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 	697,973 75,940 (8,033)  <u>553</u> 766,433	\$	38,991   65,853  104,844	\$ 	2,333,629 329,534 (39,861) 290,753 275,087 3,189,142
\$	     67,907 67,907	\$	 29,684 49,634 2,379  81,697	\$ 	29,235 243,481 275,087 7,464 580,350 1,135,617 289,673 289,673
	 698,526     698,526	-	2,635 3,230  17,282    23,147	_	2,635 3,230 698,526 17,282 600,000 200,000 242,179 1,763,852
\$_	766,433	\$	104,844	\$_	3,189,142

# **BREMOND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	1,763,852
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		9,326,748
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		289,673
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		40,033
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(7,195,970)
Payables for loan principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(198,953)
Premiums on long-term debt are not reported in the funds.		(665,380)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(15,938)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,415,785)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) are not reported		
in the funds.		(217,733)
Deferred outflows of resources related to TRS are not reported in the funds.		615,240
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		
liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,893,899)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,537,721)
Deferrred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		413,739
Rounding difference	_	2
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	(692,092)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

			10		
Data				Coronavi	rus Response and
Contro	l		General		Supplemental
Codes	-	_	Fund	Appropr	iations (CRRSA)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,791,827	\$	
5800	State Program Revenues		3,021,859		
	Federal Program Revenues		871		224,900
5020	Total Revenues	_	5,814,557		224,900
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		3,323,863		219,192
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		29,498		
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		21,773		
0023	School Leadership		373,195		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		63,414		
0033	Health Services		77,206		
0034	Student Transportation		264,061		
0035	Food Service				
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		291,613		
0041	General Administration		478,809		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		795,848		5,708
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		3,840		
0053	Data Processing Services		110,949		
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		62,244		
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		8,430		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				
0081	Capital Outlay				
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		65,942		
6030	Total Expenditures	_	5,970,685		224,900
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures		(156,128	)	
1100	Experiatores	_	(150,120	<u>/</u>	
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property		1,000		
7915	Transfers In		100,000		
8911	Transfers Out		(37,225		
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	63,775		
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(92,353	)	
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		1,134,532		
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,042,179		
	C C	.=			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

\$	50 Debt Service Fund 825,711	G 	Other overnmental Funds 79,028	\$	98 Total Governmental Funds 3,696,566
	10,585		1,370		3,033,814
			463,710	_	689,481
	836,296		544,108	_	7,419,861
			276,623		3,819,678
					29,498
			7,382		29,155
					373,195
					63,414
					77,206
					264,061
			266,719		266,719
			2,072		293,685
					478,809
			4,386		805,942
					3,840
			29,185		140,134
	680,000				742,244
	244,750				253,180
	1,500				1,500
			18,568		18,568
				_	65,942
	926,250		604,935	_	7,726,770
	(89,954)		(60,827)		(306,909)
	(03,304)		(00,027)	-	(000,009)
					1,000
			37,225		137,225
					(37,225)
			37,225	_	101,000
	(89,954)		(23,602)	_	(205,909)
	700 400				1 000 704
<u>م</u>	788,480	<u>م</u>	46,749	<u> </u>	1,969,761
\$	698,526	\$	23,147	\$_	1,763,852

#### **BREMOND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT** RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (205,909)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. Reversal of fiscal year on-behalf revenues are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. Reversal of fiscal year on-behalf expenditures are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Repayment of loans is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Bond premiums are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds. (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities. A loss on refunding bonds issued is amortized in the SOA, but not in the funds. GASB 68 on-behalf revenues are reported with governmental activities. GASB 75 on-behalf revenues are reported with governmental activities. GASB 75 federal funding recognized in the SOA is reported with governmental activities. The District's share of the net OPEB expense is reported with governmental activities.	$\begin{array}{c} 110,464\\ (1,045,583)\\ 52,065\\ 357,295\\ (357,295)\\ 680,000\\ 62,187\\ 59,891\\ 2,832\\ (69,359)\\ (30,695)\\ 357,295\\ (504,974)\\ 17,671\\ 3\\ 52,289\end{array}$
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ (461,824)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro Codes		Public Entity Risk Pool
1110		\$ 60.538
	Total Current Assets	60,538
1000	Total Assets	60,538
2200 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: <i>Accrued Expenses</i> Total Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	20,505 20,505 20,505
	NET POSITION:	
3900	Unrestricted	40,033
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 40,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# (This page intentionally left blank.) 32

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund Public Entity Risk Pool
OPERATING REVENUES:	
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 51,367
5020 Total Revenues	51,367
OPERATING EXPENSES:6400Other Operating Costs6030Total Expenses	<u>20,726</u> 20,726
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	30,641
8911 Transfers Out	(100,000)
1300 Change in Net Position	(69,359)
0100 Total Net Position - Beginning	109,392
3300 Total Net Position - Ending	\$40,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

## (This page intentionally left blank.) 34

## BREMOND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

		ublic Entity Risk Fund
Orach Flaura from Onavating Antivitian		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	•	54 007
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Services	\$	51,367
Claim and Other Operating (Payments)		(20,123)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		31,244
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Transfers From (To) Other Funds		(100,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities:		(100,000)
		(100,000)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(68,756)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		129,294
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	60,538
·		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	30,641
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		603
Total Adjustments		603
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	31,244
	*	<u> </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

## (This page intentionally left blank.) 36

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND AUGUST 31, 2021

Data	Custodial Fund
Control	Student
Codes	Activity
ASSETS:	<u>_</u>
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 83,468
1000 Total Assets	83,468
LIABILITIES:	
2000 Total Liabilities	
NET POSITION:	
3800 Restricted for Individuals and Organizations	83,468
3000 Total Net Position	\$83,468

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

## (This page intentionally left blank.) 38

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	_	Custodial Fund
Additions: Fundraisers	\$	69,105
Donations	ψ	15,413
Entry fees		3,755
Dues		3,610
Total Additions	_	91,883
	-	01,000
Deductions:		==
Entry fees		55,393
Cheer supplies and uniforms		21,856
Miscellaneous		15,378
Yearbook		6,283
Dues	_	5,536
Total Deductions	_	104,446
Change in Net Position		(12,563)
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	_	
Prior Period Adjustment		96,031
Net Position-Beginning, as Restated		96,031
Net Position-End of the Year	\$	83,468

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

## (This page intentionally left blank.) 40

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Bremond Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas (the "State"). It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's (TEA) *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State governed by a board elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations, and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the District's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the District's reporting entity. Additionally, as the District is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

#### **B.** Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately.

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonable equivalent in value to the interfund services. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on all long-term debt of the District. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### **Capital Projects Fund**

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted proceeds of specific revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of these special revenue funds. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses includes costs of material, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary fund type used by the District includes the following:

#### **Internal Service Fund**

This fund is used to account for and report revenue and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the provision of workers' compensation benefits. Because the principal users of the internal service fund are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the governmental-wide financial statements.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

The fiduciary fund accounts for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District has the following type of fiduciary funds:

#### **Custodial Fund**

The custodial fund reports resources, not in a trust, that are held by the District for other parties outside of the District. Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for the District's student activity funds.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for the revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that has a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Government investment pools and commercial paper

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to the future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	10 to 40 years
Vehicles	8 to 20 years
Equipment	5 to 20 years

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the District's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### 6. Receivable and Payables Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### 7. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide Statement of Activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

#### 8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

#### 9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted fund balance.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District's Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The District's Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### 10. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### 11. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 12. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 13. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Resource Guide. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### 14. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 15. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the TRS Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program ("TRS-Care") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the District on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is no later than October 1. Taxes are due by January 31, and all taxes not paid prior to this date are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable prior to the next February 1. District property tax revenues are recognized when collected.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The original budget is adopted by the District prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the function code stated in the approved budget. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting principles, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the national school lunch and breakfast program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the year, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenditures. There were no material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget.

#### **III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

#### 1. Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interestbearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$420,102 and the bank balance was \$456,371. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2021 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

#### 2. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions: 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State; 2) certificates of deposit; 3) certain municipal securities; 4) securities lending program; 5) repurchase agreements; 6) bankers' acceptances; 7) mutual funds; 8) investment pools; 9) guaranteed investment contracts; and 10) commercial paper.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

As of August 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Value	Maturity (Years)
Lone Star	\$ 2,057,533	0.12
Total Value	\$ 2,057,533	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.12

.......

*Custodial credit risk – deposits*. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that the District's deposits may not be returned in the event of a bank failure. The District's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of August 31, 2021, fair market values of pledged securities and FDIC coverage exceeded bank balances.

*Custodial credit risk – investments.* For an investment, this is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of the failure of the counterparty. The District's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis or commercial book entry system as utilized by the Federal Reserve and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custody/safekeeping agent.

#### Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool ("Lone Star") is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Associate of School Boards, with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both members and nonmembers. Lone Star is rated 'AAA' by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight Plus maintain a net asset value of \$1.00.

#### **B.** Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities at year end is as follows:

Governmental activities:		Beginning Balances	I	ncreases	De	creases		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	81,380	\$		\$	_	\$	81,380
Total capital assets not being depreciated	Ψ	81,380	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	81,380
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		26,292,683		18,568		-		26,311,251
Equipment		635,839		-		-		635,839
Vehicles		1,489,487		91,896		(49,686)		1,531,697
Total capital assets being depreciated		28,418,009		110,464		(49,686)		28,478,787
Less accumulated depreciation for:						· · ·		
Buildings and improvements		(16,500,277)		(925,557)		-		(17,425,834)
Equipment		(484,396)		(36,568)		-		(520,964)
Vehicles		(1,252,849)		(83,458)		49,686		(1,286,621)
Total accumulated depreciation		(18,237,522)		(1,045,583)		49,686		(19,233,419)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		10,180,487		(935,119)		-		9,245,368
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	10,261,867	\$	(935,119)	\$	-	\$	9,326,748

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

		 overnmental Activities
11	Instruction	\$ 335,783
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	15,122
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	10,082
23	School Leadership	25,204
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	25,204
33	Health Services	10,082
34	Student Transportation	87,040
35	Food Service	51,186
36	Extracurricular Activities	375,252
41	General Administration	11,448
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations	91,267
52	Security and Monitoring Services	3,398
53	Data Processing Services	4,515
	Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,045,583

#### C. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the District's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year. In general, the District uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Governmental Activities:		Original Issue		Beginning Balance	In	creases		Decreases		Ending Balance	D	ue Within Dne Year
Bonds payable:	•		•		•		•	(005 000)	•		•	
Series 2015 - 2.00% - 3.00%	\$	2,950,000	\$	1,555,000	\$	-	\$	(295,000)	\$	1,260,000	\$	300,000
Series 2016 - 0.00% - 4.00%		7,414,989		6,720,000		-		(385,000)		6,335,000		395,000
Direct Borrowings/Placements:												
Ideal Impact - Energy Project - 3.25%		322,106		261,140		-		(62,187)		198,953		64,208
		18,892,068		8,536,140		-		(742,187)		7,793,953	*	759,208
Other liabilities:												
Issuance premium		-		725,271		-		(59,891)		665,380	*	-
Net pension liability		-		1,326,341		198,514		(109,070)		1,415,785		-
Net OPEB liability		-		2,221,755		122,972		(450,828)		1,893,899		-
Total governmental activities	\$	18,892,068	\$	12,809,508	\$	321,486	\$	(1,361,976)	\$	11,769,017	\$	759,208
				Long-t	orm liat	vilitios duo in	moro	than one year	¢	11 000 800		

Long-term liabilities due in more than one year \$ 11,009,809

\*Debt associated with capital assets \$ 8,459,333

Amounts

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Bonded indebtedness of the District reflected in the general long-term debt and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. The bonds were issued as unlimited tax school building bonds and interest rates on the bonds ranged from 0.0% to 4.0%. Interest expense was \$244,750 for the year ended August 31, 2021.

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$198,953 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the District is unable to make payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended August 31	Principal	Interest	Re	Total quirements
2022	\$ 695,000	\$ 222,650	\$	917,650
2023	720,000	198,450		918,450
2024	750,000	172,600		922,600
2025	775,000	145,650		920,650
2026	465,000	122,900		587,900
2027-2031	2,525,000	418,988		2,943,988
2032-2036	 1,665,000	 99,450		1,764,450
	\$ 7,595,000	\$ 1,380,688	\$	8,975,688

The debt service requirements for direct borrowings/placements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended August 31	F	Principal	Interest	Rec	Total quirements
2022	\$	64,208	\$ 6,466	\$	70,674
2023		66,295	4,379		70,674
2024		68,450	 2,225		70,674
	\$	198,953	\$ 13,070	\$	212,023

#### D. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

The District has various operating lease agreements where the future minimum payments are immaterial to the operations of the District and, accordingly, the District has elected not to disclose future payments by fiscal year. Rent expenditures recognized by the District were \$33,952.

#### E. Interfund Transactions

The interfund balances and transfers at August 31, 2021 were as follows:

Due From	Due To	_	Amount	Purpose
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	General Fund	\$	224,900	Short-term loans
General Fund	Debt Service Fund		553	Short-term loans
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund		49,634	Short-term loans
		\$	275,087	

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General Fund	National School Breakfast/ Lunch Program	\$ 37,225	To supplement revenue
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	 100,000	_To supplement revenue
	Total	\$ 137,225	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### **IV. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

#### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or not performed correctly, it could result in a substantial liability to the District. The District periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations.

#### C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **Teacher Retirement System**

#### Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by TRS. It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature (the "Legislature") establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. TRS's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in State who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by TRS.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increase from the State, participating employers, and active employees to make TRS actuarially sound. This action causing TRS to be actuarially sound allowed the Legislature to approve funding for a thirteenth check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

#### **Contributions**

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of TRS during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. SB12 of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

	Contril	bution Rates				
		Public Education	Ac	tive		
Fiscal Yea	r State	Employer	Emp	loyee		
2020	7.50%	1.50%	7.7	0%		
2021	7.50%	1.60%	7.7	'0%		
2022	7.75%	1.70%	8.0	0%		
2023	8.00%	1.80%	8.0	0%		
2024	8.25%	1.90%	8.2	5%		
2025	8.25%	2.00%	8.2	5%		
		Contribution Rates				
		2020	_	2021		
Member		7.7%		7.7%		
NECE (State)		7.5% 7		7.5%		
Employers		7.5%		7.5%		
		Measurement Year (2020)	Fisca	ll Year (2021)		
Employer Contribu	tions	\$ 109,070	\$	114,046		
Member Contributi	ons	\$ 289,417	\$	298,688		
NECE On-Behalf C	Contributions	\$ 228,849	\$	238,672		

Contributors to TRS include members, employers, and the State as the only nonemployer contributing entity (NECE). The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to TRS in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

As the NECE for public education and junior colleges, the State contributes to TRS an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of TRS during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below, which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from noneducational, and general or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to TRS an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges to which an employer is subject:

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal
Asset valuation method	Market value
Single discount rate	7.25%
Long-term expected rate	7.25%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2019	2.33%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income
	Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds
	with 20 years to maturity that include only
	federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as
	reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal
	GO AA Index."
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Benefit changes during the year	None
Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the TPL are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of ending August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2019.

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the TPL. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers, and the NECE will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, TRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

#### Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2020

	Target	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of	Expected Contribution s to Long- Term
	Allocation (1)	Return (2)	Portfolio
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	3.90%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	5.10%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.60%	0.83%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.70%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.70%	-0.05%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	1.90%	0.11%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.60%	1.01%
Energy, Natural Resources, and Infrastructure	6.00%	6.00%	0.42%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	3.00%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-1.50%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	-1.30%	0.08%
Inflation Expectation			2.00%
Volatility Drag (3)			-0.67%
Expected Return	100.00%	33.30%	7.32%

(1) Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

(2) Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2020).

(3) The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

#### **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability (NPL) if the discount rate of 7.25%, and what the NPL would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in				1% Increase in		
					scount Rate		
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
District's proportionate share of the NPL	\$	2,183,115	\$	1,415,785	\$	792,346	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,415,785 for its proportionate share of the TRS's NPL. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the NPL, the related State support, and the total portion of the NPL that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,415,785
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	2,970,582
Total	\$ 4,386,367

The NPL was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the NPL was based on the District's contributions to TRS relative to the contributions of all employers to TRS for the period September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective NPL was 0.0026435%, which was an increase of 0.0000920% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

#### Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$357,295 and revenue of \$357,295 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources of		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual economic experience		\$	2,585	\$ (39,511)	
Changes in actuarial assumptions			328,512	(139,681)	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			28,662	-	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's					
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions			141,435	(38,541)	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date			114,046	-	
	Total	\$	615,240	\$ (217,733)	

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended August 31	Pension Expense
2022	\$ 91,556
2023	82,633
2024	80,478
2025	35,587
2026	(8,366)
Thereafter	 1,573
Total	\$ 283,461

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### D. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

#### Plan Description

The District participates in TRS-Care. It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan that has a special funding situation. TRS-Care is administered through a trust by TRS Board of Trustees (the "Board"). It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the TRS-Care fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of TRS-Care as of August 31, 2020 are as follows:

Total OPEB liability		\$ 40,010,833,815
Less: plan fiduciary net position		 1,996,317,932
Ne	t OPEB Liability	\$ 38,014,515,883
Net position as a percentage of total OPEE	8 liability	4.99%

#### Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of TRS. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least ten years of service credit in TRS. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates							
		Medicare	No	on-Medicare			
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$	200			
Retiree and spouse	\$	529	\$	689			
Retiree or surviving spouse							
and children	\$	468	\$	408			
Retiree and family	\$	1,020	\$	999			

#### **Contributions**

Contribution rates for TRS-Care are established in state statute by the Legislature and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. TRS-Care is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the State, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate, which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate, which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the GAA. The following table shows contributions to TRS-Care by type of contributor:

Contribution Rates					
	Fiscal Year				
	2020 2021				
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%			
NECE (State)	1.25%	1.25%			
Employers	0.75%	0.75%			
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%			

	Меа	surement		Fiscal
	Ye	ar (2020)	Ye	ear (2021)
Employer contributions	\$	37,867	\$	38,405
Member contributions	\$	12,216	\$	12,607
NECE on-behalf contributions	\$	50,883	\$	48,488

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge to which all TRS employers are subject (regardless of whether or not they participate in TRS-Care). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State as the NECE in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2020.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for TRS, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2020:

1. Rates of Mortality	5. General Inflation
2. Rates of Retirement	6. Wage Inflation
3. Rates of Termination	7. Expected Payroll Growth

- 4. Rates of Disability
- 7. Expected Payroll Growth

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale.

The initial medical trend rates were 9.00% for Medicare retirees and 7.30% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 9.00% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Additional actuarial methods and assumptions are as follows:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method	8/31/2019 rolled forward to 8/31/2020 Individual entry age normal
Inflation Single discount rate	2.30% 2.33% as of August 31, 2020
Aging factors Expenses	Based on plan-specific experience Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of healthcare benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected salary increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation Medical trend rates: 9% (Medicare retirees) and 7.30% (non-Medicare
Healthcare trend rates	retires). Prescription drug trend rate: 9%
Election rates	Normal retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65
Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 0.30% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because TRS-Care is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the NECE are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, TRS-Care's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis – The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% lower than and 1% higher than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the net OPEB liability:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.33%)		rrent Single scount Rate (2.33%)	-	5 Increase in scount Rate (3.33%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	2,272,675	\$ 1,893,899	\$	1,594,721

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis – The following presents the net OPEB liability of TRS-Care using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% less than or 1% higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate		 Current Ithcare Cost rend Rate	Hea	Increase in Althcare Cost Frend Rate
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	1,547,073	\$ 1,893,899	\$	2,355,823

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,893,899 for its proportionate share of TRS-Care's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	1,893,899
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		2,544,946
Tot	al <u>\$</u>	4,438,845

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to TRS-Care relative to the contributions of all employers to TRS-Care for the period September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0049820%, compared to 0.0046980% as of August 31, 2020.

#### Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- 1. The discount rate was changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- 2. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.
- 3. The ultimate health care trend rate assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$122,970

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$17,671 and revenue of \$17,671 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ם כ of I	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		\$	99,164	\$	(866,745)	
Changes in actuarial assumptions			116,814		(520,074)	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings			615		-	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's						
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions			158,741		(150,902)	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date			38,405	_	-	
	Total	\$	413,739	\$	(1,537,721)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ended August	OPEB
31	 Expense
2022	\$ (199,967)
2023	(200,051)
2024	(200,098)
2025	(200,085)
2026	(149,498)
Thereafter	 (212,688)
Total	\$ (1,162,387)

#### Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$17,556, \$16,072, and \$12,164, respectively.

#### E. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2021, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District paid premiums of \$381 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable September 1, 2021, and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions.

#### F. Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2021, employees of the District were covered by a Workers' Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreements.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator, Claims Administrative Services (CAS), acting on behalf of the self-funded pool, is renewable September 1, 2021, and terms, as well as costs of coverage, are included in the contractual provisions.

In accordance with state statutes, the District was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss by reinsurance coverage carried through Midwest Employers Casualty, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in the State in accordance with Texas Insurance Code. Reinsurance coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$500,000 and for aggregate claims with a statutory limit of \$3,000,000. According to CAS, the unfunded claim benefit obligation included \$20,505 in claims that were unpaid and \$8,212 in estimated claims incurred, but not reported.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The claim liability is based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims which have been incurred but not reported based on historical experience. Changes in the claims liability for workers' compensation benefits for the current and prior year are summarized below.

	Fiscal Year					
		2021		2020		
Claims liability at beginning of the year	\$	19,902	\$	24,908		
Current year claims and estimated changes		3,266		(1,869)		
Claims payments		(2,663)		(3,137)		
Claims liability at year end	\$	20,505	\$	19,902		

#### G. Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### H. Shared Services Arrangements

The District participates in a shared services arrangement (SSA) for the improvement of the education for limited English proficient children funded under ESEA Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement. The District neither has a joint interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center-Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA. The fiscal agent is reporting \$672 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

The District participates in an SSA for the education of career and technology students, funded under Perkins V: Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century. The District neither has joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center - Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA. The fiscal agent is reporting \$5,598 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

The District participates in an SSA for a Special Education program with several other school districts. The District neither has a joint interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Franklin Independent School District, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is reporting \$158,500 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### I. Prior Period Adjustment

Beginning net position was restated to recognize the net position based on the District's implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities.* 

	Cus	todial Fund
Beginning net position - as reported	\$	-
Custodial fund adjustment		96,031
Ending net position	\$	96,031

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			1		2		3		ariance with inal Budget
Control		Budgeted Amounts						Positive	
Codes		_	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
5700	REVENUES:	۴	0 100 577	۴	0 100 577	¢	0 701 007	۰	(044 750)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3,136,577 3,032,227	\$	3,136,577	\$	2,791,827	\$	(344,750)
5800 5900	State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues		3,032,227 45,000		3,032,227		3,021,859 871		(10,368) (44,129)
5900 5020	Total Revenues	_	6,213,804		45,000 6,213,804		5,814,557		(399,247)
5020	Total nevenues	_	0,213,004	-	0,213,004		3,014,337		(333,247)
	EXPENDITURES: Current:								
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction and instructional related Services.		3,435,262		3,403,762		3,323,863		79,899
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		30,173		30,173		29,498		675
0012	Curriculum and Staff Development		36,900		36,900		21,773		15,127
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	_	3,502,335		3,470,835		3,375,134		95,701
		_	, ,						,
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0023	School Leadership	_	375,846		375,846		373,195		2,651
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	_	375,846		375,846		373,195		2,651
0004	Support Services - Student (Pupil):		00 5 47		00 5 4 7		00.444		0.400
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Health Services		66,547		66,547		63,414		3,133
0033 0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		83,304 257,319		83,304 266,319		77,206 264,061		6,098 2,258
0034	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		313,224		313,224		204,001 291,613		2,258
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	720,394	_	729,394	_	696,294	_	33,100
		_	720,004	-	720,004		000,204		00,100
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration		470,689		490,689		478,809		11,880
	Total Administrative Support Services	_	470,689		490,689		478,809		11,880
		_							
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		812,930		812,930		795,848		17,082
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		3,000		4,000		3,840		160
0053	Data Processing Services	_	130,622	_	130,622		110,949		19,673
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	946,552	_	947,552		910,637		36,915
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		76,000		70,000		62,244		7,756
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt				6,000		8,430		(2,430)
	Total Debt Service	_	76,000		76,000		70,674		5,326
		_	· · · · ·	_	· · · · · ·		· · · · ·		·
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA	_	65,000	_	66,500		65,942	_	558
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	65,000	_	66,500		65,942	_	558
					0.150.010		<u> </u>		100.101
6030	Total Expenditures	_	6,156,816	_	6,156,816		5,970,685		186,131
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Excess (Deliciency) of Revenues Over (Onder) Expenditures		56,988		56,988		(156,128)		(213,116)
1100		_	00,000		00,000		(100,120)		(=10,110)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control			1 Budgete	d An	2 nounts	3		/ariance with Final Budget Positive
Codes			Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					 	_	
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$		\$		\$ 1,000	\$	1,000
7915	Transfers In					100,000		100,000
8911	Transfers Out				(60,000)	(37,225)		22,775
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_			(60,000)	 63,775	_	123,775
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_	56,988		(3,012)	 (92,353)	_	(89,341)
						 	_	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,134,532		1,134,532	1,134,532		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,191,520	\$	1,131,520	\$ 1,042,179	\$_	(89,341)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS (TRS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

					Measurement Year*			
		2020	2019		2018		2017	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	(	).0026435%	0.00255159	%	0.0025976%		0.0023319%	
District's proportionate above of the not panalog lightlity (accet)	¢	1 415 795	¢ 1 206 24	-1 d	1 400 756	¢	745 615	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,415,785	\$ 1,326,34	1 1	5 1,429,756	Ф	745,615	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		2,970,582	2,556,65	5	2,791,926		2,007,591	
Total	\$	4,386,367	\$3,882,99	6 \$	4,221,682	\$	2,753,206	
District's covered payroll	\$	3,758,660	\$ 3,200,72	9\$	3,141,370	\$	3,351,385	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		37.67%	41.449	6	45.51%		22.25%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.24%	75.249	6	73.74%		82.17%	

\*Only seven years' worth of imformation is currently available.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes in Benefits: There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

		Measurement Year*										
	2016		2015		2014							
-	0.0025173%	-	0.0026712%		0.0011514%							
\$	951,238	\$	944,234	\$	307,554							
	2,673,564		2,397,145		1,998,511							
\$	3,624,802	\$	3,341,379	\$	2,306,065							
\$	3,599,039	\$	3,338,087	\$	3,107,670							
	26.43%		28.29%		9.90%							
	78.00%		78.43%		83.25%							

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS (TRS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

				Fiscal Year		
	_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	114,046 \$	109,886 \$	89,240 \$	93,683 \$	76,426
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		114,046	109,886	89,240	93,683	76,426
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	3,879,066 \$	3,758,660 \$	3,200,729 \$	3,141,370 \$	3,351,385
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.94%	2.92%	2.79%	2.98%	2.28%

## **EXHIBIT G-3**

Fiscal Year													
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012									
\$ 79,980	79,084 \$	29,190 \$	25,781 \$	23,945									
79,980	79,084	29,190	25,781	23,945									
\$ 	\$_	\$	\$										
\$ 3,599,039	3,338,087 \$	3,107,670 \$	3,109,486 \$	3,274,028									
2.22%	2.37%	0.94%	0.83%	0.73%									

	Measurement Year*						
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017		
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.0049820%	0.0046980%	0.0047388%	0.0050569%		
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,893,899 \$	2,221,757 \$	2,366,130 \$	2,199,066		
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	_	2,544,946	2,952,216	2,651,885	2,668,193		
Total	\$_	4,438,845 \$	5,173,973 \$	5,018,015 \$	4,867,259		
District's covered payroll**	\$	3,758,660 \$	3,200,729 \$	3,141,370 \$	3,351,385		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		50.39%	69.41%	75.32%	65.62%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%		

\*Only four years' worth of information is currently available

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Changes in Assumptions:

- -- The discount rate was changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- -- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.
- -- The ultimate health care trend assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Benefits:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PROGRAM (TRS-Care) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Fiscal Year*							
		2021		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$	38,405	\$	37,867	\$	30,900	\$	30,900
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	38,405		37,867			30,900		30,900
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	3,879,066	\$	3,758,660	\$	3,200,729	\$	3,141,370
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.99%		1.01%		0.97%		0.98%

\*Only four years' worth of information is available.

# Combining Statements as Supplementary Information

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro Codes	-		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	Go F	Total Nonmajor overnmental unds (See xhibit C-1)
1110	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	35,761	\$	3,230	\$	38,991
1240	Due from Other Governments	Ŧ	65,853	Ŧ		Ŧ	65,853
1000	Total Assets		101,614		3,230		104,844
2160 2170 2200 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenditures Total Liabilities	\$	29,684 49,634 2,379 81,697	\$		\$	29,684 49,634 2,379 81,697
	FUND BALANCES:						
	Restricted Fund Balances:						
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		2,635				2,635
3470	Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations	;			3,230		3,230
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		17,282				17,282
3000	Total Fund Balances		19,917		3,230		23,147
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	101,614	\$	3,230	\$	104,844

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro Codes	-		Special Revenue Funds	_	Capital Projects Fund	I	Nonmajor overnmental Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
E700	REVENUES:	¢	70.010	ድ	10	¢	70.000
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	79,012	\$	16	\$	79,028
5800	State Program Revenues		1,370				1,370
5900	Federal Program Revenues		463,710				463,710
5020	Total Revenues	_	544,092	_	16		544,108
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		276,623				276,623
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		7,382				7,382
0035	Food Service		266,719				266,719
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,072				2,072
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,386				4,386
0053	Data Processing Services		29,185				29,185
0081	Capital Outlay	_			18,568		18,568
6030	Total Expenditures		586,367	_	18,568		604,935
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures	_	(42,275)		(18,552)		(60,827)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In		37,225				37,225
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		37,225				37,225
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,050)		(18,552)		(23,602)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	_	24,967	_	21,782	_	46,749
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	19,917	\$	3,230	\$	23,147

Total

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro Codes		_	211 ESEA Title I Improving Isic Programs	Brea	240 ional School akfast/Lunch Program	T	255 EA Title II raining & lecruiting	Relief,	266 onavirus Aid, and Economic ecurity Act
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,441	\$	5,829	\$	1,411	\$	
1240	Due from Other Governments								
1000	Total Assets		10,441		5,829		1,411		
2160 2170 2200 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenditures Total Liabilities	\$	9,892  <u>549</u> 10,441	\$	2,939  <u>255</u> 3,194	\$	1,404  <u>7</u> 1,411	\$	   
	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				2,635				
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance								
3000	Total Fund Balances				2,635				
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,441	\$	5,829	\$	1,411	\$	

_	282 American Rescue Plan (ESSER III)	289 Small, Rur Achieveme Program	ent	410 State Textbook Fund	461 Campus Activity Funds	Fu	Total lonmajor Special Revenue Inds (See khibit H-1)
\$ 	 65,853 65,853		798 \$ 7 <u>98</u>	  	\$ 17,282  17,282	\$	35,761 65,853 101,614
\$ 	14,699 49,634 1,520 65,853		750 \$ 48 798	  	\$  	\$	29,684 49,634 2,379 81,697
_				  	17,282 17,282		2,635 17,282 19,917
\$_	65,853	\$	<u>798</u> \$	<u> </u>	\$17,282	\$	101,614

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro Codes		_	211 ESEA Title I Improving sic Programs		240 ational School reakfast/Lunch Program	_	255 ESEA Title II Training and Recruiting	Relie	266 ronavirus Aid, f, and Economic Security Act
5700 5800	<b>REVENUES:</b> Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$		\$	76,970 1,370	\$		\$	
5900 5020	Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues		141,945 141,945	_	151,155 229,495	_	17,656 17,656		47,529 47,529
	EXPENDITURES: Current:								
0011	Instruction		134,563				17,656		47,529
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		7,382						
0035	Food Service				266,719				
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities								
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations								
0053	Data Processing Services								
6030	Total Expenditures		141,945	_	266,719	_	17,656	_	47,529
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures				(37,224)	-			
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In				37,225	_			
				_	37,225	_			
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances				1				
	Fund Balances - Beginning	. —		. —	2,634	. –		.—	
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	2,635	\$_		\$	

### **EXHIBIT H-4**

_	282 American Rescue Plan (ESSER III)	289 Small, Rural Achievement Program	_	410 State Textbook Fund	_	461 Campus Activity Funds	_	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit H-2)
\$ 	 65,853 65,853	\$  <u>39,572</u> <u>39,572</u>	\$ 		\$ 	2,042   2,042	\$ 	79,012 1,370 463,710 544,092
_	61,467   4,386  65,853	10,387     29,185 39,572	_	5,021     5,021		  2,072   2,072	_	276,623 7,382 266,719 2,072 4,386 29,185 586,367
_			_	(5,021)		(30)	_	(42,275)
-		  	_			  (30)	_	37,225 37,225 (5,050)
\$_		 \$	\$_	5,021	\$	17,312 17,282	\$_	24,967 19,917

# Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Year Ended			Tax Rat		3 Assessed/Appraised Value For School		
August 31		Naintenance		Debt Service		Tax Purposes	
2012 and Prior Years		Various		Various		Various	
2013	\$	1.04	\$	.2766	\$	370,220,472	
2014	\$	1.04	\$	.3784	\$	323,570,064	
2015	\$	1.04	\$	.3248	\$	365,698,776	
2016	\$	1.04	\$	.3248	\$	405,772,079	
2017	\$	1.04	\$	.3033	\$	331,677,726	
2018	\$	1.04	\$	.3033	\$	337,173,187	
2019	\$	1.04	\$	.3033	\$	272,800,188	
2020	\$	0.97	\$	.3033	\$	279,275,946	
2021 (School Year Under Audit)	\$	0.97	\$	.3033	\$	270,010,935	

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

10 Begini Balar 9/1/2	ning nce	20 Current Year's Total Levy		31 Maintenance Collections		32 Debt Service Collections	 40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/21		
\$	39,081 \$		\$	1,374	\$	314	\$ (1,798)	\$	35,595	
	7,358			382		102	(235)		6,639	
	9,366			484		176	(274)		8,432	
	16,482			1,334		417	(157)		14,574	
	13,940			1,641		512	(316)		11,471	
	16,574			3,649		1,064	(309)		11,552	
	28,172			4,583		1,336	(494)		21,759	
	47,170			12,757		3,720	(1,079)		29,614	
1	01,647			31,836		9,954	(2,400)		57,457	
		3,457,541		2,518,212		787,396	(19,491)		132,442	
\$2	279,790 \$	3,457,541	\$	2,576,252	\$_	804,991	\$ (26,553)	\$	329,534	
\$	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			1		2		3		′ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgetee	d Ai	mounts				Positive
Codes		_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_		_					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	76,970	\$	16,970
5800	State Program Revenues		5,000		5,000		1,370		(3,630)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	180,000	_	180,000		151,155	_	(28,845)
5020	Total Revenues	_	245,000	_	245,000	_	229,495	_	(15,505)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services		296,442		296,442		266,719		29,723
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	296,442	_	296,442	_	266,719	_	29,723
6030	Total Expenditures	_	296,442	_	296,442	_	266,719	_	29,723
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	(51,442)	_	(51,442)		(37,224)	_	14,218
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In		60,000		60,000		37,225		(22,775)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		60,000	_	60,000		37,225		(22,775)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_	8,558	_	8,558		1	_	(8,557)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		2,634		2,634		2,634		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	11,192	\$_	11,192	\$	2,635	\$	(8,557)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			1		2		3		ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d Ai	mounts				Positive
Codes	_		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	840,000	\$	840,750	\$	825,711	\$	(15,039)
5800	State Program Revenues						10,585		10,585
5020	Total Revenues	_	840,000	_	840,750		836,296	_	(4,454)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		680,000		680,000		680,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		244,750		244,750		244,750		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		750		1,500		1,500		
	Total Debt Service	_	925,500	_	926,250	_	926,250	_	
6030	Total Expenditures	_	925,500	_	926,250		926,250	_	
1100	Evenes (Definional) of Powenues Over (Under)			_					
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(95 500)		(95 500)		(90.054)		(A A = A)
	I I	_	(85,500)	-	(85,500)		(89,954)	_	(4,454)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(85,500)		(85,500)		(89,954)		(4,454)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	_	788,480	_	788,480		788,480		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	702,980	\$_	702,980	\$	698,526	\$	(4,454)

Data Control Codes		F	lesponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	415,030
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30, 34)	\$	336,501
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	9,347
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	8,808

Other Compliance Section



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Trustees of Bremond Independent School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bremond Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.







## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Belt Harris Pechacek, ILLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas December 13, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

1.	Financial Statements		
	Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
<u>Fina</u>	ancial Statement Findings		

None

В.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

Management's Explanation If Not Implemented

None to report.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control			
Codes	-	Re	sponses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF3	Did the District make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the District was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the District is considered <b>to not have made</b> timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 daysfrom the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the District issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the District is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the District post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws, and rules that were in effect at the District's fiscal year end?		Yes
SF8	Did the Board members discuss the District's property values at a Board meeting within 120 days before the District adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end	\$	